

High school words

Find these twelve words in the grid¹.

- | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. <u>CLASS</u> | 2. <u>DRESS CODE</u> | 3. <u>STRICT</u> |
| 4. <u>PRINCIPAL</u> | 5. <u>HOMECOMING</u> | 6. <u>GRADE</u> |
| 7. <u>DETENTION</u> | 8. <u>CHEERLEADER</u> | 9. <u>LOCKER</u> |
| 10. <u>SCHEDULE</u> | 11. <u>STUDY HALL PERIOD</u> | 12. <u>EXTRACURRICULAR</u> |

A	V	B	G	T	R	S	I	J	M	N	D	R	T	C	I	R	T	S
B	O	R	R	I	N	G	N	T	U	X	E	H	D	L	E	E	Z	I
C	R	Y	A	R	U	A	K	R	S	Y	R	I	M	A	K	R	L	L
D	N	I	D	E	F	L	Y	E	I	W	N	N	A	S	O	T	M	L
E	E	L	E	D	O	C	S	S	E	R	D	O	P	S	D	Z	V	C
F	P	L	M	W	R	T	N	T	C	K	P	Z	T	A	C	H	I	D
G	R	D	G	H	E	N	H	X	M	H	D	K	L	N	B	O	T	O
H	I	K	I	S	U	M	U	N	T	O	R	J	R	U	Z	W	S	I
I	N	S	F	E	I	L	R	M	O	M	Q	C	E	V	G	H	S	R
J	C	T	L	M	N	O	I	T	N	E	T	E	D	M	N	W	Y	E
K	I	R	O	L	B	G	K	M	U	C	Z	H	A	K	L	P	Z	P
L	P	U	T	O	F	T	Y	T	R	O	N	J	E	D	A	R	T	L
M	A	T	E	R	W	X	C	S	Q	M	O	L	L	C	H	G	U	L
N	L	O	C	K	E	R	V	B	M	I	U	K	R	S	W	J	A	A
O	U	L	L	M	A	Z	X	G	H	N	R	T	E	S	J	C	X	H
P	H	S	R	Q	C	I	D	S	A	G	Q	W	E	Z	T	G	V	Y
Q	M	N	B	U	H	J	P	O	I	U	T	R	H	U	P	O	L	D
R	W	T	E	X	T	R	A	C	U	R	R	I	C	U	L	A	R	U
S	D	E	S	S	W	C	V	B	N	H	J	M	K	I	L	H	S	T
T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	G	R	U	D	E	L	U	D	E	H	C	S

Tip

These directions² are possible³: → ← ↑ ↓

¹ grid – Gitter, Raster, Tabelle; ² direction – Richtung; ³ possible – möglich

G4 R: Bedingungssätze Typ I

Revision: If-clauses type I

Um Bedingungen und Folgen auszudrücken, benutzt man **if-Sätze**.

Dabei steht im **if-Satz** das **simple present**, im Hauptsatz das **will-future**.

Geht der **if-Satz** voran, steht am Ende des **if-Satzes** ein Komma.

Bedingung (condition)	Folge (consequence)	
If Michael finds a job,	he will earn some money.	Wenn Michael einen Job findet, wird er etwas Geld verdienen.
If you don't work well,	you won't get a bonus.	Wenn du nicht gut arbeitest, bekommst du keine Prämie.

Bedingungssätze können auch mit dem Hauptsatz beginnen. Dann entfällt das Komma.

Folge (consequence)	Bedingung (condition)	
You will be late	if you walk .	Du wirst zu spät kommen, wenn du zu Fuß gehst.
You won't be successful	if you don't work more carefully.	Du wirst nicht erfolgreich sein, wenn du nicht sorgfältiger arbeitest.



Das **will-future** drückt allgemein Zukünftiges aus. Im **if-Satz** steht nie **will** oder **won't**!



Für das **will-future** kannst du im Deutschen die Zukunft oder die Gegenwart benutzen. Beides ist richtig. Vergleiche:

He will earn some money.

Er wird etwas Geld verdienen.
Er verdient etwas Geld.

1 Put in the right form of the verb.

- If Tina gets (get) a weekend job, she will have more money to spend.
- If she _____ (be) interested in clothes, she'll enjoy her work at Lana's Teen Store.
- If Tina's friends _____ (visit) her at work, she'll show them the coolest clothes.
- Tina's manager will give her extra money if she _____ (sell) lots of expensive clothes.
- She will try to stay polite if customers _____ (not buy) anything.
- If she _____ (have) any problems, she'll ask a co-worker.
- Tina's parents will be surprised if she _____ (not spend) her extra money on new shoes.
- Tina won't play for her team if there _____ (be) a game on Saturday.

2 Put in the right form of the verb.

1. If you buy this special offer, you 'll pay _____ (pay) only ten dollars.
2. Steve _____ (lose) his job if he's late again.
3. If a customer steals something, we _____ (call) the police.
4. Jane _____ (not have) much free time if she gets a weekend job.
5. If I work in a café, I _____ (get) lots of free meals.
6. Students _____ (not do) well at school if they work 20 hours a week.

3 Match the sentence parts.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. If you like animals, | A if you become a dog walker. |
| 2. My co-workers will help me | B she'll give her more money. |
| 3. If William buys all those new clothes, | C if I don't know what to do. |
| 4. If the manager is pleased with Marie's work, | D you'll enjoy your job as a dog walker. |
| 5. You'll have to go out in bad weather | E she'll have to get a weekend job. |
| 6. If Madison wants to pay for a holiday in Europe, | F he won't have any money for a new bike. |

4 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences.



1. If Andrew needs some money, he'll ask his grandparents _____.
2. Emma will buy a new bike if _____.
3. The friends won't play baseball _____.
4. If Laura has to wear a silly uniform, _____.
5. If Michael is unfriendly to the customers, _____.
6. Sarah will borrow her parents' car _____.

High school electives

Elective Course #A022

Astronomy

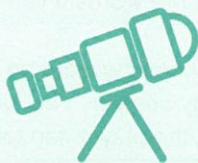
Length: 2 semesters

Credits: 2

Open to grades: 10 – 12

Prerequisite: Algebra, Science

Course fee: \$20



This course introduces students to the solar system, planets, and galaxies.

Topics include the history of astronomy, its impact on society, and the methods and tools that scientists use to locate objects in the night sky.

Students are required to attend some observations in the early morning or in the evening.

Students have to pay a course fee of \$20 for a day trip to the Adler Planetarium in Chicago.

Elective Course #C011

Journalism

Length: 1 semester

Credits: 1

Open to grades: 9 – 12

Prerequisite: –

Course fee: –



This course introduces students to the fundamentals of journalism.

Topics include writing, editing, layout, and graphic design. Students learn different styles of journalistic writing such as news, interviews, features, sports, book and movie reviews, and blogs. They contribute articles to the school's yearbook and online newspaper. Students are required to work in teams, must be ready to write articles in their free time, and have to meet deadlines.

1. Read the course descriptions¹ for the two electives². Use a dictionary to look up words you don't know.
2. Answer the questions.

	Right	Wrong	Not in the text
Course #A022 Astronomy			
Students will learn about planets and galaxies and the equipment you need to find them in the sky.			
This course is free.			
Students only meet from 10 – 12.			
Students will take a trip to a planetarium.			
Course #C011 Journalism			
Students write articles for the yearbook.			
Every article will be published online.			
Students always work alone.			
Students write all their articles during class.			

3. Which elective would you choose? Give reasons.

¹ course description – *Kursbeschreibung*; ² elective – *Wahlfach*